Thank you for your trust and for buying this appliance. We hope it will successfully serve the purpose for many years.

The appliance is intended solely for household use.

The lower part of the appliance is refrigerator and is used for storing fresh foods at the temperature of 0°C and higher.

The upper part is freezer and is used for freezing fresh foods and storing frozen foods for longer periods of time (up to one year, depending on the kind of foods you store). The compartment is marked with four stars.

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Before Putting Into Use

- Before connecting the appliance to the mains supply, leave it stand for about 2 hours, which will reduce a possibility of malfunctions in the cooling system due to transport handling.
- Clean the appliance, and be thorough, especially in the interior (See Cleaning and Maintenance).
- In case the interior accessories are not correctly placed, rearrange them as described in chapter Description of the Appliance.

Instructions for Use

These instructions for use are intended for the user. They describe the appliance and its correct and safe use. They were prepared for various types/models of refrigerators therefore you may find in it description of some functions and accesories that your appliance does not have.

We Care for the Environment

- Our products use environmentally friendly packaging, which can be either recycled or disposed of in an environmentally friendly manner. To this end, individual packaging materials are clearly marked.
- These instructions are printed either on recycled paper or chlorine free bleached paper.
- When your appliance finally wears out, please try not to burden the environment with it; call your nearest authorised service agent. (See Disposing of the Worn Out Appliance)

A few tips on how to save power with your refrigerator-freezer combo

- · Observe the installation instructions.
- Do not open the appliance door more frequently than necessary.
- Occasionally check whether air can circulate freely behind the appliance.
- Condenser unit mounted on the appliance back wall must be kept clean at all times (see section "Cleaning the appliance").
- If the seal is damaged or loose, replace it as soon as possible.
- Store your food in closed containers or other appropriate packaging.
- Before placing the food in the refrigerator, let it cool down to room temperature.
- Defrost your frozen food in the refrigerator compartment.
- Remove the freezer drawers and door as described in the instructions, in order to make use of the entire capacity.
- Defrost your conventional freezer when a frost layer approximately 3-5 millimetres thick has accumulated on the surfaces in the freezer compartment.
- Make sure the shelves are evenly distributed and that the food is arranged in a way that allows free circulation of air (heed the recommended food arrangement as described in the instructions).
- In appliances fitted with a fan, do not block the fan slots.

M Important

- This appliance can be used by children aged from 8 years and above and persons with reduced physical, sensory or metal capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge if they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance in a safe way and understand the hazards involved. Children shall not play with the appliance. Cleaning and user maintenance shall not be made by children without supervision.
- If you have bought this appliance to replace an old one equipped with a lock that cannot be opened from inside (lock, bolt), make sure that the lock is broken. This will make it impossible for children to lock themselves inside the appliance and suffocate.
- The appliance must be correctly connected to the mains supply. (see: Connecting to the Mains Supply).
- Do not touch the cooled surfaces while the appliance operates, especially not with wet hands, because the skin may stick to the cold surfaces.
- Do not freeze bottles containing liquid, especially not soft drinks, such as mineral water, sparkling wine, beer, cola etc., because liquid expands during freezing and the glass bottle is very likely to blow up.
- Do not eat frozen food (bread, fruit, vegetables), because you can get frostbites.
- If the food has strange smell or color, throw it away, because it is very likely that it is spoiled and therefore dangerous to eat.
- Disconnect the appliance from the power supply before repairing it (only a qualified technician should repair it), before cleaning and before replacing the light bulb. Use only enclosed tools or tools recommended by the manufacturer.
- For the sake of environment protection be careful not to damage the rear wall of the appliance (the condenser unit or the tubes for example when moving the appliance) or any part of the refrigerating system inside the appliance.
- The refrigerating system of the appliance is filled with refrigerant and oil, so when the appliance is damaged, handle it with care and dispose it of in compliance with environmental protecting precautions. (See We Care for the Environment).

- If the supply cord is damaged, it must be replaced by the manufacturer or his service agent or a qualified person in order to avoid hazard.
- The rating plate is inside the appliance or outside on the rear wall.
- Warning! Ventilation slots on the appliance or a built-in element must always be clean and unobstructed.
- Warning! Do not use mechanical devices or tools to defrost the refrigerator, nor any other methods except for those recommended by the manufacturer.
- Warning! When installing, cleaning, or removing the appliance, make sure the insulation on the refrigeration system parts is not damaged. Thus you will also prevent damage to the environment.
- Warning! Do not use electric appliances in the refrigerator or freezer interior, except for those expressly allowed by the refrigerator-freezer manufacturer.



The symbol on the product or on its packaging indicates that this product may not be treated as household waste. Instead it shall be

handed over to the applicable collection point for the recycling of electrical and electronic equipment. By ensuring this product is disposed of correctly, you will help prevent potential negative consequences for the environment and human health, which could otherwise be caused by inappropriate waste handling of thisproduct. For more detailed information about recycling of this product, please contact your local city office, your household waste disposal service or the shop where you purchased the product.

Disposing of the Worn Out Appliance

- When your appliance finally wears out, dispose it of. If the appliance has a lock, break it, in order to prevent eventual accidents (danger of children get locked inside the appliance).
- The refrigerating system of the appliance is filled with refrigerant and insulating substances which should be separately treated and processed. Call your nearest authorised service agent or specialised servicing centre. If you don't find one, contact your local authorities or your distributor. Be careful not to damage the tubes on the rear wall of the appliance (danger of pollution).

Placing and Installation

Choosing the Right Place

Place the appliance in a dry and regularly ventilated room. Allowed ambient temperature depends on the model (class) of the appliance and is stated on the rating plate of the appliance.

Never place the appliance near heat emitting devices (e.g. cooker, radiator, water heater or similar devices) and do not expose it to direct sunlight.

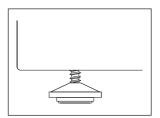
The appliance should be positioned at least 3 cm away from the electric or gas cooker and at least 30 cm away from the oil or coal stove. If this is not possible, use an appropriate insulation.

Behind the appliance there should be free space at least 200 cm² wide and above the appliance the high kitchen units should be at least 5 cm away from the appliance in order to assure adequate ventilation of the condenser unit

Class	Ambient temparature
SN (sub-normal)	from + 10°C to + 32°C
N (normal)	from + 16°C to + 32°C
ST (sub-tropical)	from + 16°C to + 38°C
T (tropical)	from + 16°C to + 43°C

Placing the Self-standing Appliance

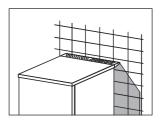
 Place the appliance firmly on a solid base.
 Some appliances have adjustable feed on the front side; use them to level the appliance.



 Two spacers attached to the appliance must be fitted onto the upper edge of the condenser, thus preventing the appliance from being installed too close to the wall (only some models have it).
 Spacers are manufactured for all-purpose function depending on the distance of the condenser from the appliance. Therefore turn spacers correspondingly and fix them to the appliance.



 The appliance with ventilation grid may be placed close to the wall. The grid enables sufficient air circulation, required for adequate ventilation of the rear wall.

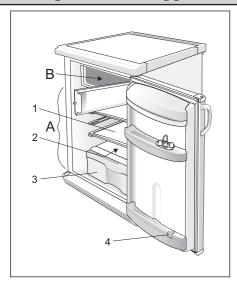


Connection to Power Supply

Connect the appliance with the cable and plug to the power supply socket outlet with a ground terminal (safety socket). Required nominal voltage and frequency are indicated on the rating plate.

The connection to the mains supply and earthing have to be made according to current standards and regulations. The appliance resists temporary voltage tolerance up to -6 to +6 %.

Description of the Appliance



Refrigerator (A)

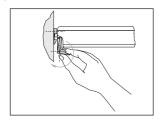
Refrigerator is used for storing fresh foods for few days.

Freezer (B)

Freezer is used for freezing fresh foods and for storing already frozen foods.

Opening the freezer door

Pull the door lock towards you and open the door. When closing the door push the lock to click in place.



Shelf (1)

(number depends on the model)
Shelf can be optionally placed on the guides inside the appliance. It is protected against pulling out. If you want to remove it, slightly lift up the back part and pull it out.

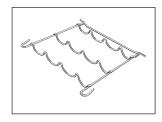
Quickly perishable food should be stored on the back i.e. the coldest part of the shelves.

Bottle rack

(only some models have it)

Bottle rack (number depends on model) is intended for storing the bottles. There are two installation positions available (horisontal or lifted in the font) thus enabling the positioning of bottles on the stopper as well.

It is protected against the extraction. If you want to extract it, lift its rear part and pull towards yourself.



Warning!

When storing longer bottles, install the rack on higher position not disturbing the closing of the door inner liner (vessels, bottles or food stored in the door), however its positioning on guides in the appliance is optional.

Defrost Water Outlet (2)

The interoir of the refrigerator is cooled with cooling plate. Under the plate there is a channel and the defrost water outlet. Regularly check the defrost water outlet and the channel, because they should never be clogged (as for example with food rests). If clogged, use a plastic straw and clean it.

Fruit and Vegetable Container (3)

The container is on the bottom under the glass shelf and is used mainly for storing fruits and vegetables. It provides adequate humidity which has favourable effect on food stored (less dehydration).

Bottle stopper (4)

(in some models only)

The bottle stopper (number depends on the model) prevents the bottles from moving in the door rack.

Door Liner

The door liner consists of various shelves or holders used for storing eggs, cheese, butter and yogurt as well as other smaller packages, tubes. cans etc.

The lower shelf is used for storing bottles.

Illuminati in the Interior of the Refrigerator

The light for illuminating the interior of the appliance is on, when the door is opened. The operation of the light does not depend on the position of the thermostat knob.

NOTE:

- The appliance can be equipped with various accesories, depending on the model of the appliance.
- Door handles have various shapes, depending on the model.
- Various accesories (spice container, tube holder or additional shelves) can be bought in authorized centres.

Operation Control

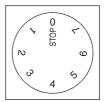
The appliance is controlled with thermostat knob, situated in the right upper part inside the appliance.

Turn the knob from **STOP (0)** position towards 7 and backwards.

Temperature Selection

- Higher settings on the knob (towards 7) mean lower temperatures (colder) in all compartments of the appliance.
 Temperature in the interior of the appliance may even drop below 0°C. Higher settings should be used only in case higher temperature is recommended or required. When the ambient temperature is normal, we recommend medium setting.
- Changes of the ambient temprature affect temperature in the interior of the appliance (choose correct setting of the thermostat knob).

- In STOP (0) position the appliance does not operate (the cooling system is switched off), yet power supply is not interrupted (the light is on, when you open the refrigerator door).
- Temperature in the refrigerator also depends on how often the door is opened.



Storing Fresh Foods

Proper use of the appliance, adequately packed food, correct temperature and taking into account hygienic precautions will substantially influence the quality of the food stored.

- Foods to be stored in the refrigerator should be properly packed as to prevent mixing various moisture degrees and odors (in polyethylene bags or sheet, aluminium foil, wax paper, or stored in covered containers or bottles).
- Before storing food in the refrigerator, remove the excessive packaging (like yoghurt in multi-package).
- Pack systematically and make sure that foodstuffs do not touch each other (various odours may mix). Assure adequate air circulation around packages.
- Never store inflammable, volatile or explosive substances.
- Beverages with high alcohol percentage shall be stored in tightly sealed bottles in vertical position.
- Food should not touch the rear wall of the refrigerator!
- Foods should be cooled down before storing.

- Crispy and delicate foods should be stored in the coldest parts of the refrigerator.
- · Try not to open the door too often.
- Set the thermostat to the setting where lowest temperatures are reached. Set the thermostat gradually as to avoid freezing of the foods. Use a thermometer and measure the temperature in the individual compartments. Place the thermostat in a glass vessel filled with water. Temperature readings are most reliable few hour after steady state is reached.
- Some organic solutions like volatile oils in lemon and orange peel, acid in butter etc. can cause damages when in contact with plastic surfaces or gaskets for longer period of time.
- Unpleasant odor inside the refrigerator is a sign that something is wrong with foods or that your refrigerator needs cleaning.
 Unpleasant odor can be eliminated or reduced by washing the interior of the refrigerator with a mild solution of water and vinegar. We also recommend using activated carbon filters to clean the air or to neutralize odors.
- If you plan a longer journey, make sure to remove quickly perishable articles of food out of the appliance before you leave.

Fresh Food Storage Time in the Refrigerator

Article of food	Storage time (days)													
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Butter	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	=	=	=	=	=		
Eggs	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	=	=	=	=
Meat: fresh uncut	+	+	=											
chopped	+	=												
smoked	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	=	=	=	=
Fish	+	=												
Marinade	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	=	=	=	=
Root	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	=	=	=	=	=	=
Cheese	+	+	+	+	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=
Sweets	+	+	=	=	=	=								
Fruit	+	+	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=				
Prepared dishes	+	+	=	=										

Legend:

+ reccomended storage time

= possible storage time

Freezing Fresh Foods

- Carefully select food you intend to freeze; it should be of adequate quality and suitable for freezing.
- Use correct packaging and wrap it right.
 - The packaging should be air tight and shouldn't leak since this could cause substantial vitamin loss and dehydration of foods.
 - Foils and bags should be soft enough to tightly wrap around the foods.
- Mark packages with following data: kind and amount of foods and the date of loading.
- It is most important that the food is frozen as quickly as possible. Therefore we recommend the size of the package not to be too large and to be cooled before loading into the freezer.
- The amount of fresh foods that can be loaded in the freezer within 24 hours is indicated on the rating plate (freezing capacity). If the loaded amount is too large, the quality of freezing is reduced which affects the quality of frozen foods.

Freezing Procedure

- 24 hours before loading the freezer with fresh foods to be frozen, set the thermostat to position 4-7. Put packages on the shelf and let them freeze. Some 24 hours after loading the packages of fresh foods, reset the thermostat, if necessary, to operating temperature. (See Temperature Selection) and reload the frozen packages to the bottom shelf.
- The next time you want to freeze fresh foods, repeat the freezing procedure and be careful that packages with fresh foods do not touch frozen packages.
- For freezing smaller amount of foods (up to 1 kg) there is no need to change the thermostat setting (see Temperature Selection).

Storing Frozen Foods

Frozen foods can be stored on the bottom of the appliance or on the shelf.

To allow the required circulation of cool air, do not place any food above the indicated line – see image below (only with some models).



Commercially Frozen Foods

The storage time and the recommended temperature for storing commercially frozen foods are indicated on the packaging. For storing and using consider the manufacturer's instruction. When shopping, be careful and choose only adequately packed foods provided with complete data and stored in freezers where the temperature is not higher than -18°C. Do not buy packages of food covered with frost layer. This indicates that the package was thawed before at least once. Be careful that packages don't start to thaw, as the temperature raise reduces the quality of foods.

Approximate Storage Time for Frozen Foods

Food		Storage time (in months)											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
Vegetable								+	+	+			
Fruit										+	+	+	
Braed, Pastries			+										
Milk			+										
Redy-made meals			+										
Meat: Beef										+	+	+	
Veal								+	+	+			
Pork				+	+	+							
Poultry								+	+	+			
Game						+	+	+					
Minced meat				+									
Smoked sausages	+												
Fish: lean			+										
fat	+												
Offal		+											

Defrosting Frozen Food

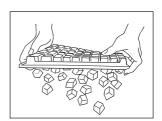
Partially thawed or defrosted foods should be used as soon as possible. Cold air preserves the food but it does not destroy microorganisms which rapidly activate after defrosting and make foods perishable.

Partial defrosting reduces the nutritional value of foods, especially of fruits, vegetables and ready-made meals.

Ice Making

Recommended thermostat position for ice making is on the middle setting.
Fill two thirds of the ice tray with cold water or any other liquid convenient for freezing. Insert the ice tray into the guides or on the cooling plate.

Time required for the ice to form, largely depends on ambient temperature, thermostat setting and on how often you open the door. It usually takes 2-6 hours (depends on which model of refrigerator you have). With smaller refrigerators we recommend you make a stock of ice cubes (store them in a separate plastic box). The easiest way to empty the ice tray is to turn the tray around, pour it with cold water and slightly twist it (bend it).



Changing the Direction of Opening the Door

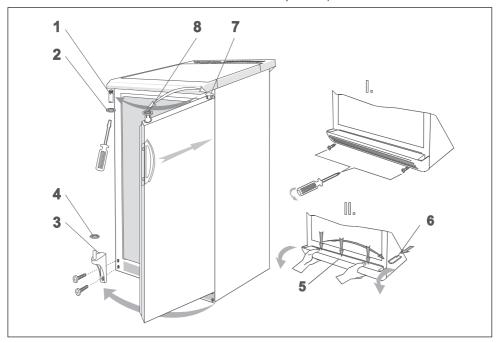
If you find the direction of opening the door on your appliance inconvenient, you can change it. Holes on the opposite side have already been prepared in the factory.

- Unscrew the kick-plate and remove it by pushing downwards.
- Unscrew the lower hinge and take off the door together with the upper hinge washer.
- Unscrew the upper hinge fastener and fix it on the opposite side of the appliance.
- Take off, change and replace the door hinge fixture and the fixture plugs.
- Put the door with the upper hinge washer on the upper hinge fastener.
- Fix the lower hinge with washer on the new position.
- Replace the cover plate of the lower hinge to the opposite side of the kick-plate and fix it to the appliance.
- In case your appliance is equipped with a handle mounted on the side of the appliance, take it off and replace it on the

- other side. Some screws are covered with caps. Take them off before undoing the screws.
- Check the gasket, it shouldn't be creased and it should seal well. Should the seal not adhere to the casing of the appliance perfectly, it will have to be heated from a suitable distance (by means of hair drier, for example) and lightly stretched to the required height.

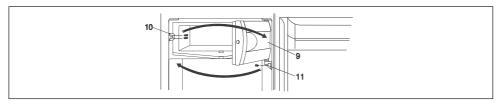
Changing the Direction of Opening the Door on the Frezing compartment

- Unscrew the blocking element and the hinge of the Frezing compartment and take off the door.
- · Plug the holes with plastic caps provided.
- Turn the door for 180° and replace it on the opposite side of the Frezing compartment.
 Fix the hinge and the blocking element of the door (position of holes already provided).



- 1 Upper hinge fastener
- 2 Upper hinge washer
- 3 Lower hinge
- 4 Lower hinge washer

- 5 Kick plate or control panel
- 6 Cover plate of the lower hinge
- 7 Fixture plug of the door hinge
- 8 Door hinge fixture



- 9 Frezing compartment
- 10 Blocking element

11 Door hinge

Maintenance and Cleaning

Automatic Defrosting of the Refrigerator

There is no need to defrost the refrigerator, because ice depositing on the inner back wall is defrosted automatically.

Ice is depositing on the inner back wall during the compressor operation; later on, when the compressor is not operating ice is defrosting and water drops collect and drain through the outlet in the inner back wall into the drain pan situated above the compressor, from where it evaporates.

Manual Defrosting of the Frezing Compartment

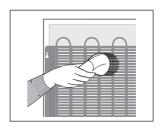
When the frost and ice layer in the Frezing compartment is 3-5 mm thick, you should clean the freezer.

- Turn the thermostat knob to STOP (0)
 position and disconnect the power supply.
 Empty the compartment and take care that
 the packages remain frozen.
- Use a suitable cloth to dry the defrost water collected during defrosting on the bottom of the Frezing compartment. Leave the door of the compartment open to accelerate defrosting.
- Avoid using defrosting sprays, as they may cause damage to the plastic parts and may be hazardous to health.

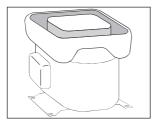
Cleaning the Appliance

Disconnect the power supply before cleaning the appliance. Do not use coarse or aggressive cleaning agents as you can damage the surface. Be careful to remove any cleanser agent remaining after cleaning.

- Clean the exterior with water and detergent. Varnished surfaces are cleaned with soft cloth and an alcohol based cleaning agent (for example glass cleaners). You may also use alcohol (ethanol or isoprophylic alcohol). The application of abrasive and specially aggressive cleaners, such as the stainless steel cleaners, is not appropriate for the cleaning of plastic and coated parts.
- Remove the detachable accesories in the interior of the appliance and clean it with water and liquid detergent. Plastic parts cannot be washed in washing machine.
- Wash the interior of the appliance with lukewarm water, in which you added one or two spoonfuls of vinegar.
- Every now and then wipe the condenser on the rear wall. Use soft non-metal brush or vacuum cleaner.



 Do not forget to clean also the defrost water receptacle above the refrigerator compressor (do not remove the receptacle).



After cleaning, connect the appliance to power supply and reload the packages.

Switch Off the Appliance When Not In Use

If you do not intend to use the appliance for a longer period, set the thermostat knob to the **STOP** (0) position, disconnect the power supply, take out the foods and defrost and clean the appliance. Leave the door slightly open.

(?)

Trouble-Shooting Guide

During the service, you can come across some troubles that in most cases result from improper handling of the appliance and can easy be eliminated.

The Appliance Fails to Operate After connecting to the Mains Supply

 Check the supply in the outlet socket and make sure the appliance is switched on (thermostat in operating position).

Continuous Operation of the Refrigerating System

- The door was frequently opened or it was left opened for too long.
- The door is not properly closed (the door may sag, the gasket may be polluted or damaged).
- Perhaps you have overloaded the appliance with fresh foods.
- The reason may be inadequate ventilation of the compressor and condenser (assure adequate air circulation and wipe off the condenser).

Ice Formation on the Inner Rear Wall

As long as the defrost water runs to the channel and through the opening to the drain pan on the compressor, automatic defrosting of the appliance is assured. In case the ice formation on the inner back wall is increased (3-5 mm), ice should be manually defrosted. Set the thermostat knob to STOP (0) position and leave the door open. Never use electric devices for defrosting and do not scrape the ice or frost layer with sharp objects. fter completed defrosting, turn the knob to desired position and close the refrigerator door. The cause of increased ice formation may be one of the following:

- the door does not seal well (clean the gasket if it is contaminated, or replace it if it is damaged);
- the door was frequently opened or it was left opened for too long;
- the food stored in the refrigerator was warm:
- the food or dish is touching the inner back wall.

Water is Leaking From the Refrigerator

In case the discharge water outlet is clogged, or the defrost water drips over the channel, water leaks from the refrigerator.

- Clean the clogged opening, for example with a plastic straw.
- Manually defrost the increased ice layer.
 See "Ice Formation on the Inner Back Wall".

Noise

Cooling in refrigerating-freezing appliances is enabled by the refrigerating system with compressor, which produces noise. How noisy the appliance is depends on where it is placed, how it is used and how old the appliance is.

- During the operation of the compressor the noise of liquid is heard and when the compressor is not operating, the refrigerant flow is heard. This is a normal condition and it has no influence whatsoever on the lifetime of the appliance.
- After starting the appliance, the operation of the compressor and the refrigerant flow may be louder, which does not mean that something is wrong with the appliance and it has no influence on the lifetime of the appliance. Gradually the noise is reduced.
- · Sometimes unusual and stronger

noise is heard, which is rather unusual for the appliance. This noise is often a consequence of inadequate placing.

- The appliance shall be placed and levelled firmly on solid base.
- It should not touch the wall or kitchen units standing next to it.
- Check the accesories in the interior of the appliance, they should be placed correctly in their positions; also check the bottles, tins and other vessels that might touch each other and rattle.

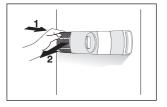
Bulb Replacement

Before replacing the light bulb, disconnect the appliance form the power supply.

Press the cover at the rear side (in the arrow 1 direction) and remove the plastic cover (in the arrow 2 direction). Replace the bulb with a new one (E14, max. 15 W).

Don't forget: the old bulb does not belong to organic waste.

Light bulb is consuming good therefore our in-guarantee service does not relate to it. La bombillas utilizadas en este aparato son bombillas especiales destinadas únicamente al uso en electrodomésticos. Estas bombillas no pueden utilizarse para la iluminación de espacios y en los hogares.



WE RESERVE THE RIGHT TO ALTER THE SPECIFICATIONS WITH NO INFLUENCE ON THE OPERATION OF THE APPLIANCE.

Instructions for use of the appliance can also be found on our website at www.gorenje.com